1. (Currently amended) A compound represented by formula (I):

$$R_{12}$$
 R_{13} R_{10} R_{11} R_{2} R_{3} R_{6} R_{4} R_{3} R_{10} R_{11} R_{2} R_{3} R_{4} R_{10} R_{11} R_{2} R_{3}

wherein,

- A is either a double bond or a single bond, n is 2 or 3, and each occurrence of R₁ is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl;
- R₂-R₁₃ each independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkoxy, acyl -C(O)R₈, amino, hydroxy, thio, halogen, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl, azido -N₃, imino -C(R₈)=NR₈; -N=C(R₈)₂, amido -C(O)N(R₈)₂, phosphoryl -Q₂-P(Q₁)(OR₈)₂, sulfonyl -SO₂R, silyl group, ether -R₉OR₈, alkylthio -SR₈, and earbonyl -CO₂R₈;
- R_{14} is selected from the group consisting of ester $-R_9C(O)OR$, -OC(O)R, $O-R_{15}$, wherein R_{15} is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, alkenyl, and alkynyl; ketone $-R_9(O)CR_8$; oxime $-C(R_8)=N(OH)$; carboxylic acid; aldehyde $-R_9C(O)H$; phosphoryl $-O_2-P(O_1)(OR_8)_2$; and silyl;

R₈ represents independently for each occurrence hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl; R₉ represents independently for each occurrence a bond or an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl biradical;

Q₁ represents independently for each occurrence S or O; and

Q₂ represents independently for each occurrence O, S, or NR₈;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

- 2. (Currently amended) The compound of claim 1, wherein one occurrence of R₁ is selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl; A is a double bond; n = 2; at least one occurrence of R₁ is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) or Z (zusammen) isomer; R₂-R₁₃ each independently represent hydrogen or alkyl; and R₁₄ is an ester -R₉C(O)OR or -OC(O)R.
- 3. (**Previously amended**) The compound of claim 1, wherein one occurrence of R_1 is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, alkoxy, alkylaryl, polycyclyl, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and either one or two occurrences of R_1 represent hydrogen.
- 4. (**Previously amended**) The compound of claim 1, wherein A is a double bond; n = 2; and one occurrence of R_1 is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, 3,4-Dichloro-phenyl, 4-methoxy-phenyl, 4-fluoro-phenyl, 1-napthyl, 2-furyl, 3-furyl, methoxy, and substituted or unsubstituted alkenylaryl, and the second occurrence of R_1 is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) isomer.
- 5. (Currently amended) The compound of claim 1, wherein one occurrence of R₁ is 4-methoxy-phenyl, one occurrence of R₁ is hydrogen; R₂-R₁₃ each represent hydrogen; and R₁₄ represents an ester -R₉C(O)OR or -OC(O)R.
- 6. (Currently amended) The compound of claim 1, wherein one occurrence of R₁ is phenyl, one occurrence of R₁ is hydrogen, R₂-R₁₃ each represent hydrogen, and R₁₄ represents an ester -R₉C(O)OR or -OC(O)R.
- 7. (Currently amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of formula (I):

$$R_{12}$$
 R_{13} R_{10} R_{11} R_{2} R_{3} R_{4} R_{3} R_{10} R_{11} R_{2} R_{3} R_{4} R_{10} R_{11} R_{2} R_{3}

wherein,

A is either a double bond or a single bond, n is 2 or 3, and each occurrence of R₁ is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl;

 R_2 - R_{13} each independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkoxy, acyl $\underline{-C(O)R_8}$, amino, hydroxy, thio, halogen, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl, azido $\underline{-N_3}$, $\underline{\text{imino }} \underline{-C(R_8)} \underline{= NR_8}$; $\underline{-N} \underline{= C(R_8)_2}$, $\underline{\text{amido }} \underline{-C(O)N(R_8)_2}$, $\underline{\text{phosphoryl }} \underline{-Q_2}\underline{-P(Q_1)(OR_8)_2}$, sulfonyl $\underline{-SO_2R}$, silyl $\underline{\text{group}}$, ether $\underline{-R_9OR_8}$, alkylthio $\underline{-SR_8}$, and $\underline{\text{carbonyl }} \underline{-CO_2R_8}$;

 R_{14} is selected from the group consisting of ester $-R_9C(O)OR$, -OC(O)R, $O-R_{15}$, wherein R_{15} is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, alkenyl, and alkynyl; ketone $-R_9(O)CR_8$; oxime $-C(R_8)=N(OH)$; carboxylic acid; aldehyde $-R_9C(O)H$; phosphoryl $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_8)_2$; and silyl;

 R_8 represents independently for each occurrence hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl; R_9 represents independently for each occurrence a bond or an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl biradical;

Q₁ represents independently for each occurrence S or O; and

Q2 represents independently for each occurrence O, S, or NR8:

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; and

a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

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- 8. (Currently amended) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 7, wherein one occurrence of R₁ is selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl; A is a double bond; n = 2; at least one occurrence of R₁ is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) or Z (zusammen) isomer; and R₂-R₁₃ each independently represent hydrogen or alkyl; and R₁₄ is an ester -R₉C(O)OR or -OC(O)R.
- 9. (Previously amended) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 7, wherein one occurrence of R₁ is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, alkoxy, alkylaryl, polycyclyl, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and one or two occurrences of R₁ represent hydrogen.
- 10. (Previously amended) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 7, wherein A is a double bond; n = 2; and one occurrence of R₁ is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, 3,4-Dichloro-phenyl, 4-methoxy-phenyl, 4-fluoro-phenyl, 1-napthyl, 2-furyl, 3-furyl, methoxy, and substituted or unsubstituted alkenylaryl, and the second occurrence of R₁ is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) isomer.
- 11. (Currently amended) A method for treating a disorder caused by a deficiency in monoamine concentration in a human comprising administering a therapeutically effective dose of a compound of formula (I):

$$R_{12}$$
 R_{13} R_{14} R_{10} R_{11} R_{2} R_{3} R_{4} R_{3} R_{10} R_{11} R_{2} R_{3}

wherein,

- A is either a double bond or a single bond, n is 2 or 3, and each occurrence of R₁ is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl;
- R_2 - R_{13} each independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkoxy, aeyl $-C(O)R_8$, amino, hydroxy, thio, halogen, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl, azido $-N_3$, imino $-C(R_8)=NR_8$; $-N=C(R_8)_2$, amido $-C(O)N(R_8)_2$, phosphoryl $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_8)_2$, sulfonyl $-SO_2R$, silyl group, ether $-R_9OR_8$, alkylthio $-SR_8$, and earbonyl $-CO_2R_8$;
- R_{14} is selected from the group consisting of ester $-R_9C(O)OR$, -OC(O)R, $O-R_{15}$, wherein R_{15} is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, alkenyl, and alkynyl; ketone $-R_9(O)CR_8$; oxime $-C(R_8)=N(OH)$; carboxylic acid; aldehyde $-R_9C(O)H$; phosphoryl $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_8)_2$; and silyl;

R₈ represents independently for each occurrence hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl;

R₉ represents independently for each occurrence a bond or an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl biradical;

 Q_1 represents independently for each occurrence S or O; and Q_2 represents independently for each occurrence O, S, or NR₈; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

- 12. (Currently amended) The method of claim 11, wherein one occurrence of R₁ is selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl; A is a double bond; n = 2; at least one occurrence of R₁ is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) or Z (zusammen) isomer; and R₂-R₁₃ each independently represent hydrogen or alkyl; and R₁₄ is an ester -R₉C(O)OR or -OC(O)R.
- 13. (**Previously amended**) The method of claim 11, wherein one occurrence of R₁ is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, alkoxy, alkylaryl, polycyclyl, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and one or two occurrences of R₁ represent hydrogen.

- 14. (**Previously amended**) The method of claim 11, wherein A is a double bond; n = 2; and one occurrence of R₁ is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, 3,4-Dichloro-phenyl, 4-methoxy-phenyl, 4-fluoro-phenyl, 1-napthyl, 2-furyl, 3-furyl, methoxy, and substituted or unsubstituted alkenylaryl, and the second occurrence of R₁ is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) isomer.
- 15. (**Previously amended**) The method of claim 11, wherein said disorder in a human is associated with a deficiency in the concentration of serotonin or norepinephrine.
- 16. (**Previously amended**) The method of claim 11, wherein said disorder in a human is selected from the group consisting of depression, substance addiction, neurodegenerative disease, Attention Deficit Disorder, Huntington's Disease, and bipolar disorder.
- 17. (**Previously amended**) The method of claim 16, wherein said disorder in a human is Parkinson's Disease or Alzheimer's Disease.
- 18. (**Previously amended**) The method of claim 16, wherein said substance addiction is cocaine addiction.

Claims 19-26. (Cancelled)

27. (Currently amended) A compound represented by formula (II):

$$R_{12}$$
 R_{13} R_{1} R_{2} R_{10} R_{11} R_{2} R_{3} R_{4} (II)

wherein,

R₁ and R₂ each independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl;

- R_3 - R_{13} each independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkoxy, aeyl $\underline{-C(O)R_8}$, amino, hydroxy, thio, halogen, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl, azido $\underline{-N_3}$, imino $\underline{-C(R_8)=NR_8}$; $\underline{-N=C(R_8)_2}$, amido $\underline{-C(O)N(R_8)_2}$, phosphoryl $\underline{-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_8)_2}$, sulfonyl $\underline{-SO_2R}$, silyl group, ether $\underline{-R_9OR_8}$, alkylthio $\underline{-SR_8}$, and earbonyl $\underline{-CO_2R_8}$;
- R_{14} is selected from the group consisting of ester $-R_9C(O)OR$, -OC(O)R, $O-R_{15}$, wherein R_{15} is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, alkenyl, and alkynyl; ketone $-R_9(O)CR_8$; exime $-C(R_8)=N(OH)$; carboxylic acid; aldehyde $-R_9C(O)H$; phosphoryl $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_8)_2$; and silyl;

R₈ represents independently for each occurrence hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl;

R₉ represents independently for each occurrence a bond or an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl biradical;

O₁ represents independently for each occurrence S or O; and

Q₂ represents independently for each occurrence O, S, or NR₈;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

- 28. (Currently amended) The compound of claim 27, wherein R₁ is selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl, and R₂ is hydrogen, or R₂ is selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl, and R₁ is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) or Z (zusammen) isomer; R₃-R₁₃ each independently represent hydrogen or alkyl; and R₁₄ is an ester = R₉C(O)OR or -OC(O)R.
- 29. (**Previously amended**) The compound of claim 27, wherein R₁ is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, alkoxy, alkylaryl, polycyclyl, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and R₂ is hydrogen; or R₂ is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, alkoxy, alkylaryl, polycyclyl, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and R₁ is hydrogen.

- 30. (**Previously amended**) The compound of claim 27, wherein R₁ is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, 3,4-Dichloro-phenyl, 4-methoxy-phenyl, 4-fluoro-phenyl, 1-napthyl, 2-furyl, 3-furyl, methoxy, and substituted or unsubstituted alkenylaryl; and R₂ is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) isomer.
- 31. (Currently amended) The compound of claim 27, wherein R₁ is 4-methoxy-phenyl, R₂ is hydrogen, R₃-R₁₃ each represent hydrogen, and R₁₄ is an ester <u>-R₉C(O)OR or -OC(O)R</u>.
- 32. (Currently amended) The compound of claim 27, wherein R₁ is phenyl, R₂ is hydrogen, R₃-R₁₃ each represent hydrogen, and R₁₄ is an ester -R₉C(O)OR or -OC(O)R.
- 33. (Currently amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of formula (II):

$$R_{12}$$
 R_{13} R_{1} R_{2} R_{10} R_{11} R_{2} R_{3} R_{4} R_{7} R_{6} R_{5} R_{4} (II)

wherein,

- R₁ and R₂ each independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl;
- R_3 - R_{13} each independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkoxy, acyl $\underline{-C(O)R_8}$, amino, hydroxy, thio, halogen, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl, azido $\underline{-N_3}$, $\underline{\text{imino }} \underline{-C(R_8)} \underline{= NR_8}$; $\underline{-N} \underline{= C(R_8)_2}$, $\underline{\text{amido }} \underline{-C(O)N(R_8)_2}$, $\underline{\text{phosphoryl }} \underline{-Q_2}\underline{-P(Q_1)(OR_8)_2}$, sulfonyl $\underline{-SO_2R}$, silyl $\underline{\text{group}}$, ether $\underline{-R_9OR_8}$, alkylthio $\underline{-SR_8}$, and $\underline{\text{carbonyl }} \underline{-CO_2R_8}$;

 R_{14} is selected from the group consisting of ester $-R_9C(O)OR$, -OC(O)R, $O-R_{15}$, wherein R_{15} is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, alkenyl, and alkynyl; ketone $-R_9(O)CR_8$; exime $-C(R_8)=N(OH)$; carboxylic acid; aldehyde $-R_9C(O)H$; phosphoryl $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_8)_2$; and silyl;

R₈ represents independently for each occurrence hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl;

R₉ represents independently for each occurrence a bond or an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl biradical;

Q₁ represents independently for each occurrence S or O; and

Q2 represents independently for each occurrence O, S, or NR8;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; and

a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

- 34. (Currently amended) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 33, wherein R₁ is selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl, and R₂ is hydrogen, or R₂ is selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl, and R₁ is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) or Z (zusammen) isomer; R₃-R₁₃ each independently represent hydrogen or alkyl; and R₁₄ is an ester -R₉C(O)OR or -OC(O)R.
- 35. (**Previously amended**) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 33, wherein R₁ is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, alkoxy, alkylaryl, polycyclyl, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and R₂ is hydrogen; or R₂ is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, alkoxy, alkylaryl, polycyclyl, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and R₁ is hydrogen.
- 36. (**Previously amended**) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 33, wherein R₁ is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, 3,4-Dichloro-phenyl, 4-methoxy-phenyl, 4-fluoro-phenyl, 1-napthyl, 2-furyl, 3-furyl, methoxy, and substituted or unsubstituted alkenylaryl; and R₂ is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) isomer.

37. (Currently amended) A method for treating a disorder caused by a deficiency in monoamine concentration in a human comprising administering a therapeutically effective dose of a compound of formula (II):

$$R_{12}$$
 R_{13} R_{1} R_{2} R_{10} R_{10} R_{14} R_{2} R_{10} R_{14} R_{2} R_{14} R_{3} R_{14} R_{2} (II)

wherein,

R₁ and R₂ each independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl;

 R_3 - R_{13} each independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkoxy, aeyl $\underline{-C(O)R_8}$, amino, hydroxy, thio, halogen, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl, azido $\underline{-N_3}$, imino $\underline{-C(R_8)} = NR_8$; $\underline{-N} = C(R_8)_2$, amido $\underline{-C(O)N(R_8)_2}$, phosphoryl $\underline{-Q_2} - P(Q_1)(OR_8)_2$, sulfonyl $\underline{-SO_2R}$, silyl group, ether $\underline{-R_9OR_8}$, alkylthio $\underline{-SR_8}$, and earbonyl $\underline{-CO_2R_8}$;

 R_{14} is selected from the group consisting of ester $-R_9C(O)OR$, -OC(O)R, $O-R_{15}$, wherein R_{15} is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, alkenyl, and alkynyl; ketone $-R_9(O)CR_8$; exime $-C(R_8)=N(OH)$; carboxylic acid; aldehyde $-R_9C(O)H$; phosphoryl $-O_2-P(O_1)(OR_8)_2$; and silyl;

R₈ represents independently for each occurrence hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl;

R₉ represents independently for each occurrence a bond or an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl biradical;

Q₁ represents independently for each occurrence S or O; and

Q2 represents independently for each occurrence O, S, or NR8;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

- 38. (Currently amended) The method of claim 37, wherein R₁ is selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl, and R₂ is hydrogen, or R₂ is selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl, and R₁ is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) or Z (zusammen) isomer; R₃-R₁₃ each independently represent hydrogen or alkyl; and R₁₄ is an ester R₉C(O)OR or -OC(O)R.
- 39. (**Previously amended**) The method of claim 37, wherein either R₁ is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, alkoxy, alkylaryl, polycyclyl, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and R₂ is hydrogen; or R₂ is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, alkoxy, alkylaryl, polycyclyl, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and R₁ is hydrogen.
- 40. (**Previously amended**) The method of claim 37, wherein R₁ is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, 3,4-Dichloro-phenyl, 4-methoxy-phenyl, 4-fluoro-phenyl, 1-napthyl, 2-furyl, 3-furyl, methoxy, and substituted or unsubstituted alkenylaryl; and R₂ is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) isomer.
- 41. (**Previously amended**) The method of claim 37, wherein said disorder in a human is associated with a deficiency in the concentration of serotonin or norepinephrine.
- 42. (**Previously amended**) The method of claim 37, wherein said disorder in a human is selected from the group consisting of depression, substance addiction, neurodegenerative disease, Attention Deficit Disorder, Huntington's Disease, and bipolar disorder.
- 43. (**Previously amended**) The method of claim 42, wherein said disorder in a human is Parkinson's Disease or Alzheimer's Disease.
- 44. (**Previously amended**) The method of claim 42, wherein said substance addiction is cocaine addiction.

Claims 45-59. (Cancelled)